

PCT International Pty Ltd

ABN 44 101 170 923 Unit 5 / 74 Murdoch Circuit, ACACIA RIDGE QLD 4110

sales@pct.au.com

Ph: 61 7 3711 7022 Fax: 61 7 3711 7055

DICAMBA M

SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION AND THE MANUFACTURER

Product Name: Surefire Dicamba M Selective Herbicide

Product Code: none

Product Use: herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds as per the label directions

Poison Schedule: S5

Supplier: PCT International Pty Ltd

ABN: 44 101 170 923

Street Address: Unit 5 / 74 Murdoch Circuit, ACACIA RIDGE QLD 4110

Telephone: + 61 7 3711 7022 **Facsimile:** + 61 7 3711 7055

Emergency telephone №: 1800 630 877

Other Information: This MSDS describes, to the best of our knowledge, the properties of the concentrated product. The physical properties and some of the assessments do not apply to the properties of the product once it has been diluted for application. Acute health effects of the diluted product are likely to be much less severe.

MSDS Creation Date: 27th June 2013

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical

Formulation Type: Liquid

Ingredients	CAS NO.	Concentration	
MCPA (present as the Dimethlyamine salt)	94-74-6	340 g/L	
Dicamba (present as the Dimethlyamine salt)	1918-00-9	80 g/L	
Water		to 100%	

PCT International Pty Ltd 1 of 6 Product: PCT Surefire

Dicamba M

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview Hazardous substance; Non-dangerous goods; Harmful to aquatic organisms.

Physical Appearance

Form: Liquid Colour: Light Amber

Odour: Characteristic mild amine odour

Water Solubility: Soluble not known

Potential Health Effects

Eyes: Irritating to the eyes
Skin: May cause slight irritation

Ingestion: May be slightly toxic based on acute animal studies. Symptoms of poisoning

include apathy, muscular cramps, depressed muscular tone, respiratory

difficulties and trembling.

Inhalation: May be slightly toxic based on acute animal studies. Exact effects on humans

are not known.

Primary Routes of

Entry: Eyes, Skin, Inhalation, Ingestion

Target Organs: Eyes, Skin, Respiratory Tract, Digestive System

Carcinogenicity: Not considered to be a carcinogen

Risk Phrases: R22 Harmful if swallowed R38 Irritating to skin

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes

Safety Phrases: S2 Keep out of reach of children S13 Keep away from food, drink & feed

S25 Avoid contact with eyes S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse

immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/S37/S39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. S46 If swallowed, seek medical advice

immediately and show the container or label.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eye(s) with water for 15 minutes or more- If irritation persists, consult a

doctor (preferably an eye specialist) and show this MSDS.

Skin: Remove any contaminated clothing. Wash affected areas immediately and

thoroughly with soap and water.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water, and then drink plenty of water. Do not

induce vomiting.

If swallowed seek medical advice and show this MSDS.

Inhalation: Remove affected person from site of exposure to fresh air until recovered.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult give oxygen.

Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

First Aid Facilities: If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre on

13 11 26 (Australia).

General Advice: Remove soiled or soaked clothing immediately.

Information for

doctor: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:
Autoignition Temperature:
Upper Explosion Limits:
Lower Explosion Limits:
None up to 100°C.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder, water fog, **By-products in case of Fire:** In the event of a fire the following can be released:

- hydrogen chloride, phosgene & possible organochlorine compounds

PCT International Pty Ltd 2 of 6 Product: PCT Surefire

Dicamba M

Further Information: Keep unnecessary persons away from the area. If safe to do so,

remove intact containers, otherwise use water spray to cool them. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately, by bunding the area with sand or earth. Fire control water must not be discharged

into drains.

Special Protective

Equipment for Firefighters: As in any fire, water, self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-

demand, (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective

clothing, especially in confined spaces.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods for Cleaning Up/ Taking Up:

Spills: Dealing with spills has the potential to increase the risk of personal exposure- during such operations, ensure that protective clothing is worn as detailed below. Avoid contact with spilled material or contaminated surfaces. Keep people and animals away. Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or watercourses. If contamination thereof is unavoidable, warn the local water authority. Spills should be contained and absorbed with soil, sand, sawdust, clay, cat litter or other similar material, and once absorption is complete, this material then be placed in sealable, labeled, drums for safe disposal in an approved landfill, and in accordance with the requirements of local or State Waste Management Authorities. Alternatively, bury under at least 500^{mm} of soil in an area away from crops, pastures, homes or water sources. To decontaminate spill area, tools and equipment, wash with a suitable solution, *e.g.* organic solvent, detergent, bleach or caustic, and add this material to the drums of waste already collected. Label all contents. Do not burn empty containers or product.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe

Handling: Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash hands

after use, and before smoking or eating / drinking. Wash protective gear and

clothing after each day's use.

Advice on protection against fire and

explosion:

Not flammable- no special measures required.

Storage information: Keep product in the original container, tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated

area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct suringint.

Other information: Equipment that has been used with this product should not be used for the

application of other chemicals/ materials to sensitive plants unless it has been thoroughly washed out with hot soapy water or a 1% solution of ammonia,

and further rinsed out several times with water.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General protective

Measures: Avoid contact with eyes and skin

Do not inhale mists.

Hygiene Measures: No smoking, eating or drinking allowed when using this product.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work shift.

Protective ointment is recommended.

Respiratory

Protection: In case of formation of mists or vapours, an organic vapour cartridge

respirator should be used.

Hand Protection: Elbow length PVC gloves should be worn when using this product.

Eye Protection: Safety goggles and/or face shield is recommended when using this product. **Protective clothing;** Cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, and a washable hat, are

required when using this product.

Engineering Controls: Use in a well ventilated area only. Good general (mechanical) ventilation

should be sufficient to control airborne mist levels.

PCT International Pty Ltd 3 of 6 Product: PCT Surefire

Dicamba M

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Amber liquid
Odour: Slight amine odour.
Solubility in Water: Soluble with water.

Specific Gravity

($H_2O=1$): approx. 1.13 @ 20°C

pH Value: not known

Vapour Pressure: the salts of Dicamba and MCPA are not volatile

Melting Temperature: not measured

Boiling temperature: 100°C

Viscosity, dynamic: not measured

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid: None with proper storage and handling, other than extreme heat. Both the concentrate and the spray mix will react with acids, causing a precipitation of solid Dicamba and MCPA, which will substantially de-activate the product, and cause blockages in spray equipment. Strong alkalis such as caustic soda will result in release of dimethylamine vapour.

Thermal

Decomposition: Not measured, although if involved in a fire, the formation of hydrogen

chloride, phosgene & possible organochlorine compounds

Hazardous reactions: No hazardous reactions with proper storage and handling. Keep away from

strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous

Polymerization: Unlikely to occur.

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

Hazardous decomposition

products: None with proper storage and handling.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Eye Irritation: The concentrate will cause severe eye irritation.

Skin Irritation: The produc twill cause skin irritation.

Note: harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin

Irritant to skin

Risk of serious damage to eyes

The toxicological data refer to the undiluted 100% product.

Acute Toxicity:

Dicamba

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Oral LD}_{50} \ (\text{rat}) & 1040 \text{mg/kg} \\ \text{Oral LD}_{50} \ (\text{mouse}) & 1190 \text{mg/kg} \\ \text{Oral LD}_{50} \ (\text{rabbit}) & 2000 \text{mg/kg} \\ \text{Dermal LD}_{50} \ (\text{rabbit}) & >2000 \text{mg/kg} \\ \text{Inhalation LC}_{50} \ (\text{rat}) & >5.3 \text{mg/L} \\ \text{LC}_{50} \ (\text{bluegill, rainbow trout}) & >1000 \text{mg/L} \\ \text{LC}_{50} \ (\text{daphnia}) & >1600 \text{mg/L} \end{array}$

MCPA

Oral LD $_{50}$ (rat) 800mg/kg Oral LD $_{50}$ (mouse) 550mg/kg Dermal LD $_{50}$ (rabbit) 3400mg/kg Inhalation LC $_{50}$ (rat) 4800mg/L LC $_{50}$ (bluegill, rainbow trout) 117mg/L LD $_{50}$ (bob white quail) 377mg/kg

PCT International Pty Ltd 4 of 6 Product: PCT Surefire

Dicamba M

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Effects:

Acute Toxicity – Fish: LC₅₀ . (96h) for rainbow trout is 135 mg/L (Dicamba)

 LC_{50} (96 hr) for rainbow trout is 50 - 560 mg/l for MCPA LC_{50} (96 hr) for bluegill sunfish is >135 mg/l for MCPA

Acute Toxicity -

Daphniae: LC_{50} (48 hr) for daphnia is 110 mg/l for Dicamba. LC_{50} (48 hr) for daphnia is >190 mg/l for MCPA.

.

Acute Toxicity - Other

Organisms: Bees: Not toxic to bees. LD_{50} for Dicamba is >100 μ g/bee.

Bees: Not toxic to bees. LD_{50} for MCPA is 104 µg/bee. LD_{50} for bobwhite quail is 377 mg/kg for MCPA

Considered to be low toxicity to birds.

Further ecological information:

Ecological notes: This product is considered to be a water pollutant. It is classified as immobile

in soil and is not expected to leach. Do not discharge product unmonitored into the environment. The ecotoxicological data refer to the undiluted 100%

product.

Other Precautions: Do not contaminate dams, waterways or sewers with this product or the

containers which have held this product.

Environ. Protection:

Spray drift can cause damage- read the label for more information.

Persistence /

Degradability: Loss from soil occurs primarily by microbial degradation.

Average field half life of dicamba is 14 days. Average field half life of MCPA is 7 days.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

ALWAYS DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Product Disposal: In accordance with local authority regulations, take to special waste

incineration plant.

Container Disposal: Dispose of empty, used containers by triple rinsing, or preferably pressure rinsing. Add the rinsate to the spray tank or dispose of the rinsate in a disposal pit away from desirable plants and their roots and from watercourses. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return cleaned containers to a recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture empty containers and bury in a local authority landfill. If no landfill available, bury the containers at least 500 mm deep in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN No. : None Allocated
Shipping Name : None Allocated
Dangerous Goods Class : None Allocated
Subsidiary Risk : None Allocated
Pack Group : None Allocated
Special Precaution for user : None Allocated
Hazchem Code : None Allocated

EPG: n/a

Storage and Transport: Considered non – dangerous goods for transport by the Australian

Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

PCT International Pty Ltd 5 of 6 Product: PCT Surefire

Dicamba M

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

APVMA Approval №: 62657/(1,5,20)L/0108

Poisons Schedule: S5

Packaging &

Labeling: READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Hazard Category

AICS (Australia): Listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

PCT International Pty Ltd

Contact Person/Point: Mr David Pearson Phone: (07) 3711 7022

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data, see product literature.

Any advice, recommendation, information, assistance or service provided by PCT International Pty Ltd in relation to the goods supplied by it or their use or application is given in good faith and believed to be appropriate and reliable. However, it is provided with a disclaimer for any liability or responsibility on the part of PCT International Pty Ltd. The customer accepts all risk and responsibility for use of the goods alone, or in combination with other products. All warranties, guarantees and conditions, other than those expressly stated, and when implied by statute, common law, custom of the trade or otherwise, are to the extent that the law permits, expressly excluded.

...End of SDS...

6 of 6 Product: PCT Surefire
Dicamba M